

EXERCISE 1

Convert the following regular expressions to E-NFA's.

- a) $(\varepsilon+1)(01)^*(\varepsilon+0)$ b) $a^*b^*c^*$

EXERCISE 2

Convert the following DFA to a regular expression, using the state elimination technique.

	0	1
$\xrightarrow{*} P$	S	P
q	P	S
r	r	q
S	q	r

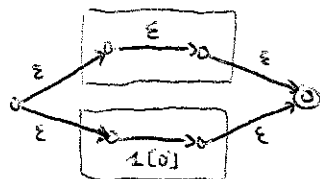
EXERCISE 3

Repeat exercise 2, eliminating the states in a different order. Then, verify that the following binary strings (accepted by the above DFA) are in the language of the regular expressions obtained here and in exercise 2.

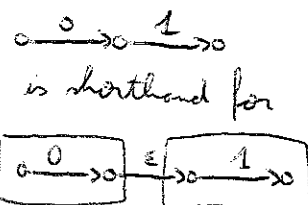
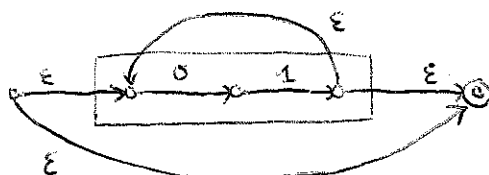
- a) 00101100101 b) 010001101110

1) a) ϵ -NFA's for $\epsilon+1$, $\epsilon+0$, and $(01)^*$ are as follows:

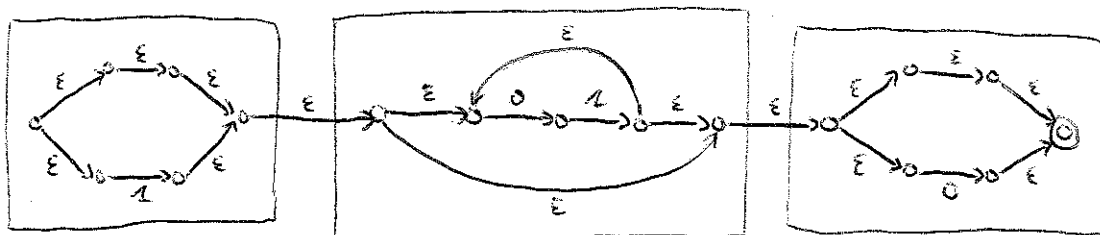
$\epsilon+1$
[$\epsilon+0$]



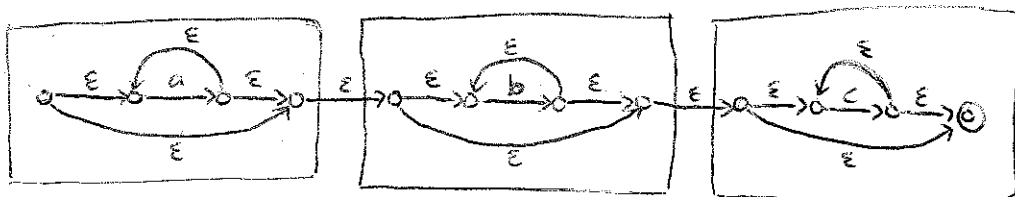
$(01)^*$



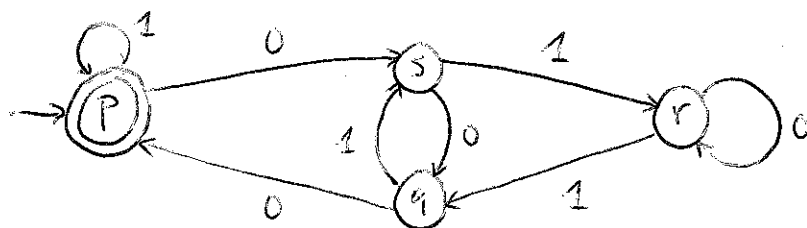
Composition of the above ϵ -NFA's yields:



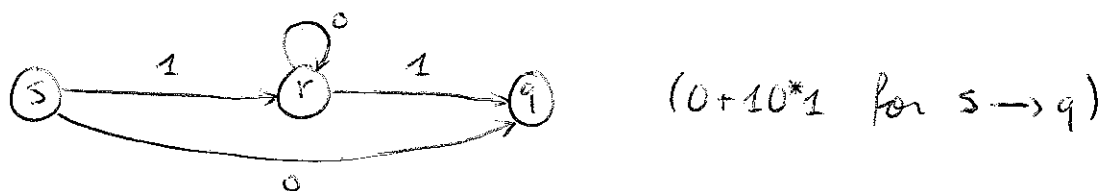
1) b) We get the following ϵ -NFA:



2) The DFA looks as follows:



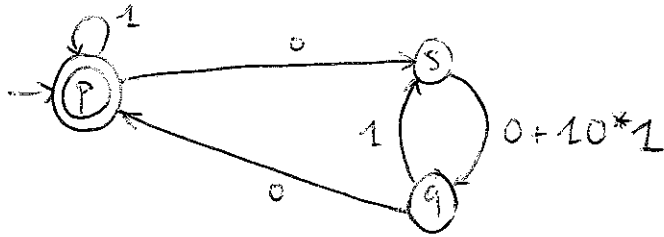
First, we eliminate the state r



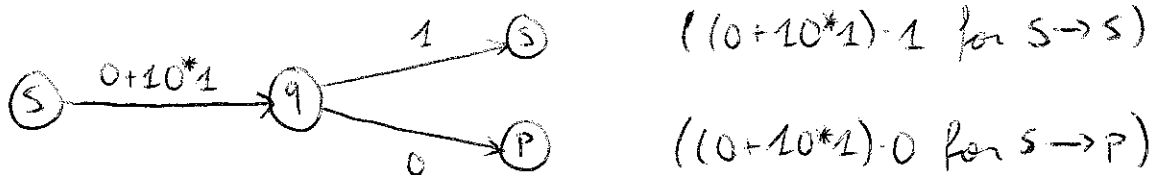
2) can't

E73

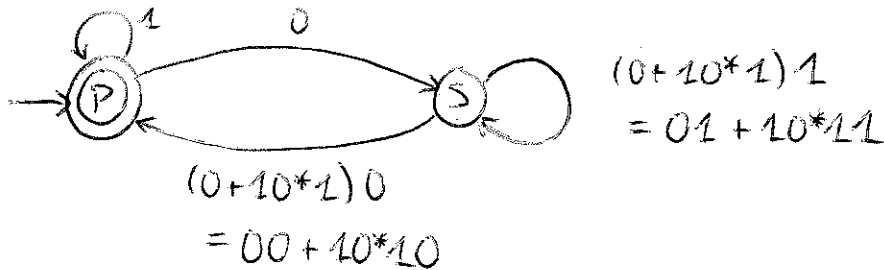
and obtain



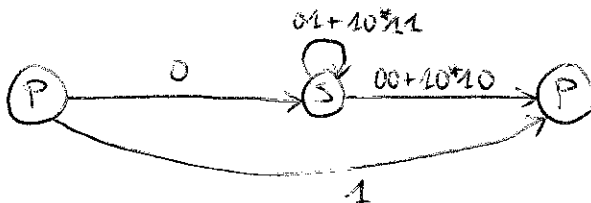
Second, we eliminate the state q



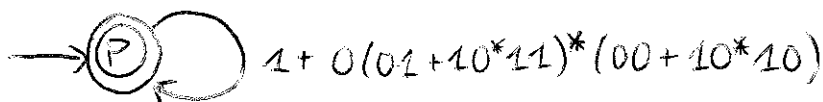
and obtain



Third, we eliminate the state S



and obtain



The regular expression is therefore

$$(1 + 0(01 + 10^*11)^*(00 + 10^*10))^* = E$$

3) Note that, if we eliminate first the state r ,
but then s before q , we get the following regular
expression:

(E7.4)

$$E' = (1 + (00 + 010^*1)(10 + 110^*1)^*0)^*$$

3)a) $00101100101 \in L(E)$:

$$(0 \underbrace{(01)(01)}_{\substack{\text{from } (01 + 10^*11)^*}} \underbrace{(10010)}_{\text{from } (00 + 10^*10)})1$$

$$00101100101 \in L(E')$$

$$\underbrace{((00)(10))}_{\substack{\text{from } (00 + 010^*1)}} \underbrace{(11001)0}_{\text{from } (10 + 110^*1)^*} 1$$

3)b) $0 \underbrace{(100011)}_{\substack{\text{from } (01 + 10^*11)^*}} \underbrace{(01)(110)}_{\text{from } (00 + 10^*10)} \in L(E)$

$$\underbrace{(010001)}_{\substack{\text{from } (00 + 010^*1)}} \underbrace{(10)(111)0}_{\text{from } (10 + 110^*1)^*} \in L(E')$$