- Search over planning horizons.
- For each planning horizon, create a CSP constraining possible actions and features
- Also factor actions into action features.

- PUC: Boolean variable, the agent picks up coffee.
- *DelC*: Boolean variable, the agent delivers coffee.
- PUM: Boolean variable, the agent picks up mail.
- DelM: Boolean variable, the agent delivers mail.
- Move: variable with domain {mc, mac, nm} specifies whether the agent moves clockwise, anti-clockwise or doesn't move

Choose a planning horizon k.

- Create a variable for each state feature and each time from 0 to *k*.
- Create a variable for each action feature for each time in the range 0 to k 1.

Constraints

- state constraints that are constraints between variables at the same time step.
- precondition constraints between state variables at time t and action variables at time t that specify constraints on what actions are available from a state.
- effect constraints between state variables at time t, action variables at time t and state variables at time t + 1.
- action constraints that specify which actions cannot co-occur. These are sometimes called mutual exclusion or mutex constraints.
- initial state constraints that are usually domain constraints on the initial state (at time 0).
- goal constraints that constrains the final state to be a state that satisfies the goals that are to be achieved.

CSP for Delivery Robot



 $RLoc_i$ — Rob's location RHC_i — Rob has coffee SWC_i — Sam wants coffee MW_i — Mail is waiting RHM_i — Rob has mail $Move_i$ — Rob's move action PUC_i — Rob picks up coffee DelC — Rob delivers coffee PUM_i — Rob picks up mail $DelM_i$ — Rob delivers mail

RHC _i	DCi	PUC _i	RHC_{i+1}
true	true	true	true
true	true	false	false
true	false	true	true
true	false	false	true
false	true	true	true
false	true	false	false
false	false	true	true
false	false	false	false