**Exercises** 

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## 2. Satisfiability of Comparisons

We consider *finite* sets of comparisons, that is, atoms with the predicates "=", " $\neq$ ", " $\leq$ ", and "<" (also called built-in predicates). An example of such a set is the following:

 $x \le y, x < z, y \le 5, y \ne 4.$ 

We interpret built-in atoms either over the rational numbers  $\mathbb{Q}$  or the integers  $\mathbb{Z}$ . We define as usual when an assignment that maps variables to numbers satisfies an atom. An assignment satisfies a set if it satisfies every atom in the set. A set A of atoms is *satisfiable over*  $\mathbb{Q}$  if there is an assignment that maps the variables in A to elements of  $\mathbb{Q}$  and satisfies A. The set A is *satisfiable over*  $\mathbb{Z}$  if there is an assignment that maps the variables in A to elements of  $\mathbb{Z}$  and satisfies A.

We are interested in coming up with methods to check whether such a set is satisfiable. For each of the following classes of conjunctions of comparisons, describe a method by which one can check satisfiability: Comparisons with

- 1. "="
- 2. "=" and " $\neq$ "
- 3. " $\leq$ ", ranging over the rational numbers
- 4. " $\leq$ " and " $\neq$ ", ranging over the rational numbers
- 5. " $\leq$ " and "<", ranging over the rational numbers
- 6. " $\leq$ ", ranging over the integers
- 7. " $\leq$ " and "<", ranging over the integers.