## Programming Paradigms Exercise 8 - Erlang 1

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2nd Semester 2016/17

- 1. Write a function sign(N) (in a module mymodule) that gets a number N as an input parameter and outputs -1 if N is negative, 1 if N is positive, and 0 if N is equal to zero.
- 2. (a) In a module greeter write a function hello with one input parameter Name. The output of the function should be "Hello "Name"!" on the console. (Hint: the Erlang command for printing is io:format)
  - (b) In the console write an anonymous function that does the same as in (a) and assign it to a variable.
  - (c) Use the anonymous function in (b) and apply it to a list, greeting every element in the list.
- 3. Download flights.txt and paste it into the Erlang shell. The file stores flight data in a list of tuples. Each tuple contains the departure and arrival city, the flight number, and a list of days of the week on which the flight operates. For example, in the tuple

{paris,new\_york,124,[tu,we,th,sa,su]}

paris is the departure city, new\_york is the arrival city, 124 is the flight number, and [tu,we,th,sa,su] is the list with the days of the week on which this flight operates.

- (a) Write function flight:fromto(A,B,L) that given a departure cityA, an arrival city B, and a list L of flights, finds all flights from A to B.
- (b) Write a function flight:fromon(A,D,L) that given a departure city A, a departure day of the week D, and a list L of flights, outputs a list of cities than can be reached from A on D.
- (c) Print in the console all the flights from **paris** on each day of the week. (Hint: use the same approach as in 2c)
- 4. Write a function that just echoes whatever message it receives via io:format, i.e., it will print any received message in the console. Start a process running this function and send it several messages from the shell.