Programming Paradigms Exercise 5 - Haskell 1

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2nd Semester 2016/17

- 1. Write a program that computes the greatest common divisor of two numbers x and y using the Euclidean algorithm. The Euclidean algorithm is defined as follows: if x = y, then return x (or y), otherwise gcdea(x, y) = gcdea(x y, y) where x > y.
- 2. Write a function noOfElem that counts the number of elements in a list. Your function should return the same result as the function length. Next, use noOfElem to write a function countElem which counts how many times a given element appears in the list. Do not use the function length. You may use other functions, though.
- 3. (a) Write a function that takes two lists x and y as input and returns True if x is a prefix of y (otherwise it returns False).
 For example,
 - [] is a prefix of any list
 - [3,5] is a prefix of [3,5,10,9,8]
 - [3,5,7] is not a prefix of [3,5]
 - [2,3] is not a prefix of [1,2,3,4]
 - non-empty lists are never a prefix of []
 - (b) Write a function that takes two lists x and y as input and returns True if x is a subsequence of y (otherwise it returns False). For example,
 - [] is a subsequence of any list
 - [3,5] is a subsequence of [3,5,9,8]
 - [3,5,7] is not a subsequence of [3,5]
 - [2,3] is a subsequence of [1,2,3,4]
 - non-empty lists are never a subsequence of []