Q1 * Required

1. Surna	me and Name *
2. What a pure compiler does? * Mark only one oval.	
\bigcirc	It interprets the the CPU code
x	It translates a high level program into a low level one
\bigcirc	It allocates memory in the registries of the CPU
\bigcirc	It translates each line of a code while the code is executed
3. Which of the following is a correct statement? Mark only one oval.	
\bigcirc	java foo.class
\bigcirc	javap -c foo.jar
\mathbf{x}	javac foo.java
\bigcirc	javadoc -d MANIFEST.MF
4. Can I execute without compiling my code? Mark only one oval.	
\bigcirc	only within Eclipse platform
\bigcirc	yes
x	no

5. What a Loader does in the JRE?

only with jar files

Mark only one oval.

- It searches a class in the code that contains the main method
- It checkes whether the ClassNotFound exception has been executed
- \mathbf{x} It searches a file in the filesystem with the name of a class
- It raises the ClassNotFound exception during compilation

6. What is the fastest type of memory in a basic computer?

Mark only one oval.

- The register as it resides in the CPU
- The cache as it stores part of the main memory
- The main memory as it has more capacity
- None of them

7. What is just in time compilation?

Mark only one oval.

- Compiling the code line by line in the CPU
- Executing the code in Eclipse
- (x) Compiling a part of the code while running the program
- Executing the machine code in the main memory

8. What is the value of the Stack Pointer (SP) in an activation record of a method called "foo()"?

Mark only one oval.

The memory address in the stack of the activation record of a method that calls "foo()"

- The address in the stack of the Global
 - The address of the code where "foo()" returns
 - The memory address in the stack of the activation record of "foo()"

9. Which principle of memory allocation does the stack model follow?

Mark only one oval.

- First in Last out
- First in First out
- X Last in First out
- Last in Last out

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